

SCPI Control of PRM3

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SCPI introduction

SCPI (pronounced "skippy") stands for "Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments" and uses ASCII encoded strings. Commands are entered one line at a time. Each line must end with a carriage-return (ASCII code 13) and/or line-feed character (ASCII code 10). Line length (including line terminators) is limited to at most 64 characters. Commands are caseinsensitive, so `RELAY` has the same meaning as `relay`, for example.

Most SCPI commands may be abbreviated to the first four characters. Required command characters are shown in upper case, optional ones in lower case. For example, `MODBus` indicates that the command may be abbreviated to just `MODB`.

Each SCPI command returns a single response-line which is terminated by a carriage-return line-feed sequence. The response is `INVALID COMMAND` if there was an error processing the command. If the command was processed successfully the response is `OK` or a command-specific response.

While SCPI convention normally would allow specifying multiple commands in a single line by separating the commands with a semicolon, the Power Relay Module does not support this convention and always expects a single command per line.

Connection and Power

The eGauge PRM3 unit communicates SCPI and gets power over the USB-A connection. The USB connection provides a CDC ACM virtual serial port for the host to communicate with using serial.

Serial Settings

The SCPI interface uses the following serial parameters:

- 19200 baud
- 1 start bit
- 8 data bits, LSB first
- no parity
- 1 stop bit

SCPI commands

The SCPI commands supported by the Power Relay Module are shown below. The first column shows the syntax of the command, the second column the response type, and the third is a description of the command.

For response type devid, the return value consists of a string containing the manufacturer name, model name, product serial-number, and the product version, separated by commas. For example, the returned devid might be `eGauge,PRM3,3N013453,1.00`.

For response type status, the return value consists of either `OK` or `INVALID COMMAND`. For response type decimal, the return value consists of either `INVALID COMMAND` or a decimal integer number string. For response type parity, the return value consists of either `INVALID COMMAND` or a single character, where the character `n` indicates no parity, `e` indicates even parity, and `o` indicates odd parity.

When controlling polyphase loads, the **mask commands** should be used for simultaneous opening and closing of the multiple relay inputs.

Command	Response	Description
<code>*IDN?</code>	devid	Return device identifier
<code>EPRom?</code>	decimal	Return number of times the EEPROM has been written.
<code>RELay:n?</code>	decimal	Query status of relay n , where n is one of 1, 2, or 3. Returns string <code>0</code> if relay is open, <code>1</code> if it is closed.
<code>RELay:n cv</code>	status	Open or close relay n , where n is one of 1, 2, or 3. If <code>cv</code> is <code>0</code> or <code>OFF</code> , the relay is opened, if <code>1</code> or <code>ON</code> , the relay is closed.
<code>RELay:n:COUNT?</code>	decimal	Return number of times relay n has been switched (opened or closed). The value of n must be one of 1, 2, or 3.
<code>RELay:MASK?</code>	decimal	Query status of all relays. The returned number has bit $(n-1)$ set if relay n is closed, cleared otherwise. For example, return value 6 would indicate that relay 1 is open (bit 0 is cleared) and relays 2 and 3 are closed (bits 1 and 2 are set).
<code>RELay:MASK m</code>	status	Open or close relays as indicated by mask m . If bit $(n-1)$ is set, relay n is closed, otherwise it will be opened.

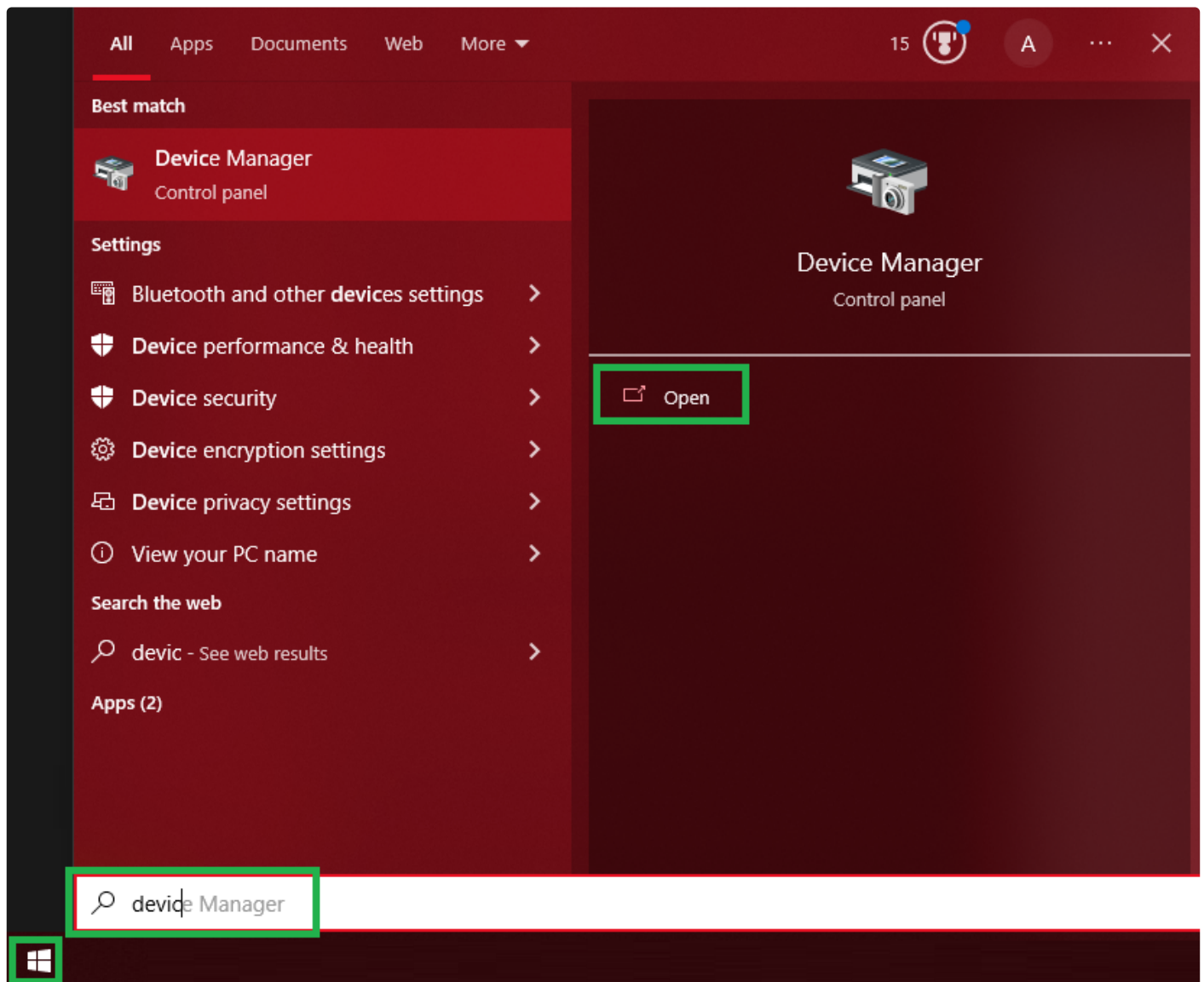
RELAy:MASK:SET <i>m</i>	status	Close relays as indicated by mask <i>m</i> . If bit (<i>n</i> -1) is set, relay <i>n</i> is closed, otherwise relay <i>n</i> will remain in its current state.
RELAy:MASK:CLR <i>m</i>	status	Open relays as indicated by mask <i>m</i> . If bit (<i>n</i> -1) is set, relay <i>n</i> is opened, otherwise relay <i>n</i> will remain in its current state.
RELAy:MIN:OFF?	decimal	Query the minimum duration for which a relay remains open. The returned number is the duration in seconds.
RELAy:MIN:OFF <i>d</i>	status	Set the minimum duration for which a relay remains open to <i>d</i> seconds. The duration must be an integer in the range from 0..255.
RELAy:MIN:ON?	decimal	Query the minimum duration for which a relay remains closed. The returned number is the duration in seconds
RELAy:MIN:ON <i>d</i>	status	Set the minimum duration for which a relay remains open to <i>d</i> seconds. The duration must be an integer in the range from 0..255.
MODBus:BAUD?	decimal	Returns the baud rate of the RS-485 port.
MODBus:BAUD <i>n</i>	status	Sets the RS-485 baud rate to <i>n</i> baud. The value of <i>n</i> may be one of 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, or 115200.
MODBus:PARItY?	decimal	Returns the parity used for the RS-485 port.
MODBus:PARItY <i>p</i>	status	Sets the RS-485 parity. If <i>p</i> is <i>n</i> , no parity is selected, if <i>e</i> , even parity is selected, and if <i>o</i> , odd parity is selected.
MODBus:UNIT?	decimal	Returns the MODBUS unit number of the device.
MODBus:UNIT <i>n</i>	status	Sets MODBUS unit number of the device to <i>n</i> . The value of <i>n</i> may be in the range from 1 through 247.

Accessing the PRM3 from a Windows PC

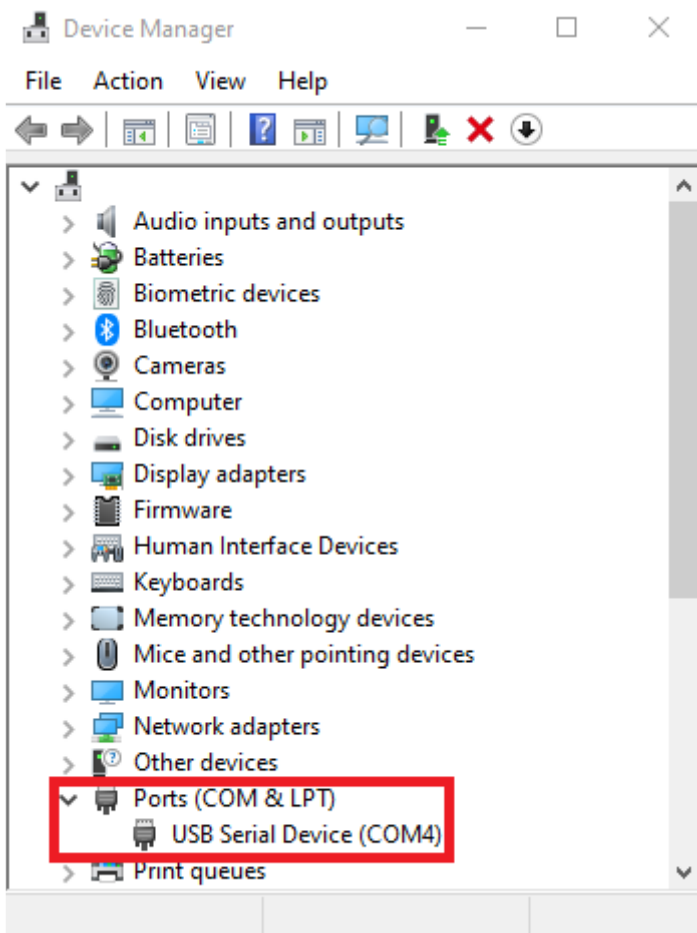
eGauge Systems does not test or guarantee safety or accuracy of third party software.

Locate the COM port of the PRM3

1. Open the Device Manager, which can be done by opening the Start Menu and typing "Device Manager" and clicking "Open":



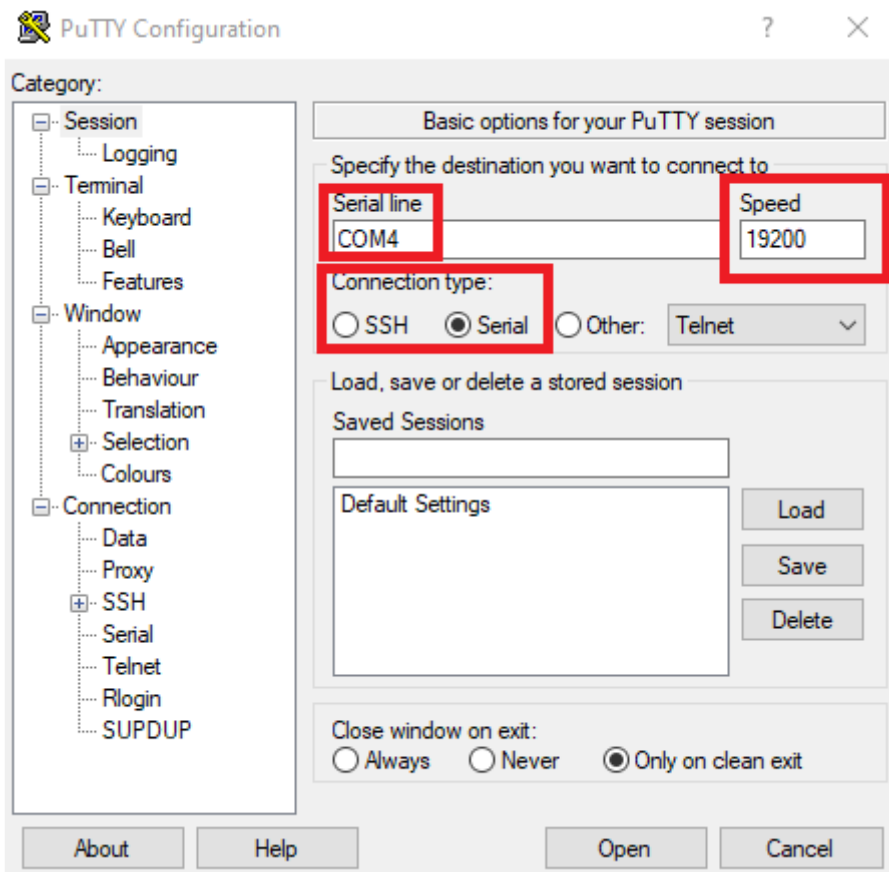
2. Expand the "Ports (COM & LPT)" section:



If you have multiple "USB Serial Device" entries, you may unplug the eGauge PRM3, and plug it back in to see which COM port appears when it is connected.

Connect to the COM port using PuTTY

1. Install and open the [PuTTY](#) terminal emulator.
2. Change "Serial line" to the COM port found in the device manager, the "Speed" to 19200 and "Connection type" to "Serial" and press Open:



3. You may now enter SCPI commands followed by the "Enter" key.

Back-spaces may not work correctly and result in an invalid command error. Commands entered using copy and paste may also not work correctly and result in an invalid command error.

```
eGauge, PRM3, 00000102, 1.04
RELAY:1 1 ————— close relay 1
OK
RELAY:1? ————— read status of relay 1
1
RELAY:1 0 ————— open relay 1
OK
RELAY:1? ————— read status of relay 1
0
RELAY:MASK: 0 ————— enable mask of 0 (000, all open)
OK
RELAY:MASK? ————— read relay mask
0
RELAY:MASK: 3 ————— enable relay mask of 3 (011, relay 1 and 2
closed)
OK
RELAY:MASK? ————— read relay mask
3
RELAY:MASK:SET 4 ————— SET mask of 4 (100, close only relay 1,
leave relay 1 and 2 in current state)
OK
RELAY:MASK? ————— read relay mask (111, all closed)
7
RELAY:MASK:CLR 2 ————— CLEAR mask of 2 (010, close only relay 2,
leave relay 3 and 1 in current state)
OK
RELAY:MASK? ————— read relay mask (101, relay 2 open, relay 3 and
5
1 are closed)
```

Please visit kb.egauge.net for the most up-to-date documentation.